111TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 1022

To increase and enhance law enforcement resources committed to investigation and prosecution of violent gangs, to deter and punish violent gang crime, to protect law-abiding citizens and communities from violent criminals, to revise and enhance criminal penalties for violent crimes, to expand and improve gang prevention programs, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

February 12, 2009

Mr. Schiff (for himself and Mrs. Bono Mack) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Education and Labor, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

- To increase and enhance law enforcement resources committed to investigation and prosecution of violent gangs, to deter and punish violent gang crime, to protect lawabiding citizens and communities from violent criminals, to revise and enhance criminal penalties for violent crimes, to expand and improve gang prevention programs, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 2 This Act may be cited as the "Gang Prevention,
- 3 Intervention, and Suppression Act".

4 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 5 The table of contents of this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title.
 - Sec. 2. Table of contents.
 - Sec. 3. Findings.
 - TITLE I—NEW FEDERAL CRIMINAL LAWS NEEDED TO FIGHT VIOLENT NATIONAL, INTERNATIONAL, REGIONAL, AND LOCAL GANGS THAT AFFECT INTERSTATE AND FOREIGN COMMERCE
 - Sec. 101. Revision and extension of penalties related to criminal street gang activity.

TITLE II—VIOLENT CRIME REFORMS TO REDUCE GANG VIOLENCE

- Sec. 201. Murder and other violent crimes committed during and in relation to a drug trafficking crime.
- Sec. 202. Expansion of rebuttable presumption against release of persons charged with firearms offenses.
- Sec. 203. Statute of limitations for violent crimes and terrorism offenses.
- Sec. 204. Study of hearsay exception for forfeiture by wrongdoing.
- Sec. 205. Possession of firearms by dangerous felons.
- Sec. 206. Conforming amendment.
- Sec. 207. Prohibition on illegal gun transfers to commit drug trafficking crimes or crimes of violence.
- Sec. 208. Publicity campaign about new criminal penalties and gang-related outreach.
- Sec. 209. Predicate crimes for authorization of interception of wire, oral, and electronic communications.
- Sec. 210. Clarification of Hobbs Act.
- Sec. 211. Making personal information about certain witnesses and informants publicly available with unlawful intent.
- Sec. 212. Amendment of sentencing guidelines.

TITLE III—INCREASED FEDERAL RESOURCES TO DETER AND PREVENT SERIOUSLY AT-RISK YOUTH FROM JOINING ILLEGAL STREET GANGS AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

- Sec. 301. Designation of and assistance for high intensity gang activity areas.
- Sec. 302. Gang prevention grants.
- Sec. 303. Enhancement of Project Safe Neighborhoods initiative to improve enforcement of criminal laws against violent gangs.
- Sec. 304. Additional resources needed by the Federal Bureau of Investigation to investigate and prosecute violent criminal street gangs.
- Sec. 305. Grants to prosecutors and law enforcement to combat violent crime.
- Sec. 306. Training at the National Advocacy Center.
- Sec. 307. Short-Term State Witness Protection Section.

- Sec. 308. Witness protection services.
- Sec. 309. Expansion of Federal witness relocation and protection program.
- Sec. 310. Family abduction prevention grant program.
- Sec. 311. Study on adolescent development and sentences in the Federal system.

TITLE IV—RESOURCES TO STRENGTHEN EMPLOYMENT AND EDUCATION OPPORTUNITIES FOR FORMER OFFENDERS

Sec. 401. Grants to assist juvenile offender reintegration projects.

Sec. 402. Employment and education grants to assist in reducing recidivism.

SEC. 3. FINDINGS.

- 2 Congress finds that—
- 3 (1) violent crime and drug trafficking are per-4 vasive problems at the national, State, and local 5 level;
- 6 (2) according to recent Federal Bureau of In-7 vestigation, Uniform Crime Reports, violent crime in the United States is on the rise, with a 2.3 percent 8 9 increase in violent crime in 2005 (the largest in-10 crease in the United States in 15 years) and an even 11 larger 3.7 percent jump during the first 6 months 12 of 2006, and the Police Executive Research Forum 13 reports that, among jurisdictions providing informa-14 tion, homicides are up 10.21 percent, robberies are 15 up 12.27 percent, and aggravated assaults with fire-16 arms are up 9.98 percent since 2004;
 - (3) these disturbing rises in violent crime are attributable in part to the spread of criminal street gangs and the willingness of gang members to commit acts of violence and drug trafficking offenses;

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- (4) according to a recent National Drug Threat Assessment, criminal street gangs are responsible for much of the retail distribution of the cocaine, methamphetamine, heroin, and other illegal drugs being distributed in rural and urban communities throughout the United States;
 - (5) gangs commit acts of violence or drug offenses for numerous motives, such as membership in or loyalty to the gang, for protecting gang territory, and for profit;
 - (6) gang presence and intimidation, and the organized and repetitive nature of the crimes that gangs and gang members commit, has a pernicious effect on the free flow of interstate commercial activities and directly affects the freedom and security of communities plagued by gang activity, diminishing the value of property, inhibiting the desire of national and multinational corporations to transact business in those communities, and in a variety of ways directly and substantially affecting interstate and foreign commerce;
 - (7) gangs often recruit and utilize minors to engage in acts of violence and other serious offenses out of a belief that the criminal justice systems are more lenient on juvenile offenders;

- 1 (8) gangs often intimidate and threaten wit-2 nesses to prevent successful prosecutions;
 - (9) gangs prey upon and incorporate minors into their ranks, exploiting the fact that adolescents have immature decision-making capacity, therefore, gang activity and recruitment can be reduced and deterred through increased vigilance, appropriate criminal penalties, partnerships between Federal and State and local law enforcement, and proactive prevention and intervention efforts, particularly targeted at juveniles and young adults, prior to and even during gang involvement;
 - (10) State and local prosecutors and law enforcement officers have enlisted the help of Congress in the prevention, investigation, and prosecution of gang crimes and in the protection of witnesses and victims of gang crimes; and
 - (11) because State and local prosecutors and law enforcement have the expertise, experience, and connection to the community that is needed to assist in combating gang violence, consultation and coordination between Federal, State, and local law enforcement and collaboration with other community agencies is critical to the successful prosecutions of

1	criminal street gangs and reduction of gang prob-
2	lems.
3	TITLE I—NEW FEDERAL CRIMI-
4	NAL LAWS NEEDED TO FIGHT
5	VIOLENT NATIONAL, INTER-
6	NATIONAL, REGIONAL, AND
7	LOCAL GANGS THAT AFFECT
8	INTERSTATE AND FOREIGN
9	COMMERCE
10	SEC. 101. REVISION AND EXTENSION OF PENALTIES RE-
11	LATED TO CRIMINAL STREET GANG ACTIV-
12	ITY.
13	(a) In General.—Chapter 26 of title 18, United
14	States Code, is amended to read as follows:
15	"CHAPTER 26—CRIMINAL STREET GANGS
	"Sec. "521. Definitions. "522. Criminal street gang prosecutions. "523. Recruitment of persons to participate in a criminal street gang. "524. Forfeiture.
16	"§ 521. Definitions
17	"In this chapter:
18	"(1) Criminal Street Gang.—The term
19	'criminal street gang' means a formal or informal
20	group, organization, or association of 5 or more indi-
21	viduals—
22	"(A) each of whom has committed at least
23	1 gang crime; and

"(B) who collectively commit 3 or more gang crimes (not less than 1 of which is a serious violent felony, and if fewer than 2 of which are serious violent felonies, not less than 1 of which is a violent felony) in furtherance of the group, organization, or association, in separate criminal episodes (not less than 1 of which oc-curs after the date of enactment of the Gang Prevention, Intervention, and Suppression Act, and the last of which occurs not later than 5 years after the commission of a prior gang crime).

- "(2) GANG CRIME.—The term 'gang crime' means an offense under Federal law punishable by imprisonment for more than 1 year, or a felony offense under State law that is punishable by a term of imprisonment of 5 years or more in any of the following categories:
 - "(A) A crime that has as an element the use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force against the person of another, or is burglary, arson, kidnapping, or extortion.
 - "(B) A crime involving obstruction of justice, or tampering with or retaliating against a witness, victim, or informant.

1	"(C) A crime involving the manufacturing,
2	importing, distributing, possessing with intent
3	to distribute, or otherwise trafficking in a con-
4	trolled substance or listed chemical (as those
5	terms are defined in section 102 of the Con-
6	trolled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802)).
7	"(D) Any conduct punishable under—
8	"(i) section 844 (relating to explosive
9	materials);
10	"(ii) subsection (a)(1), (d), (g)(1)
11	(where the underlying conviction is a vio-
12	lent felony or a serious drug offense (as
13	those terms are defined in section 924(e)),
14	(g)(2), (g)(3), (g)(4), (g)(5), (g)(8), (g)(9),
15	(g)(10), (g)(11), (i), (j), (k), (n), (o), (p),
16	(q), (u), or (x) of section 922 (relating to
17	unlawful acts);
18	"(iii) subsection (b), (c), (g), (h), (k),
19	(l), (m), or (n) of section 924 (relating to
20	penalties);
21	"(iv) section 930 (relating to posses-
22	sion of firearms and dangerous weapons in
23	Federal facilities);

1	"(v) section 931 (relating to purchase,
2	ownership, or possession of body armor by
3	violent felons);
4	"(vi) sections 1028 and 1029 (relating
5	to fraud, identity theft, and related activity
6	in connection with identification documents
7	or access devices);
8	"(vii) section 1084 (relating to trans-
9	mission of wagering information);
10	"(viii) section 1952 (relating to inter-
11	state and foreign travel or transportation
12	in aid of racketeering enterprises);
13	"(ix) section 1956 (relating to the
14	laundering of monetary instruments);
15	"(x) section 1957 (relating to engag-
16	ing in monetary transactions in property
17	derived from specified unlawful activity);
18	or
19	"(xi) sections 2312 through 2315 (re-
20	lating to interstate transportation of stolen
21	motor vehicles or stolen property).
22	"(E) Any conduct punishable under section
23	274 (relating to bringing in and harboring cer-
24	tain aliens), section 277 (relating to aiding or
25	assisting certain aliens to enter the United

- States), or section 278 (relating to importation of aliens for immoral purposes) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1324, 1327, and 1328).
 - "(F) Any crime involving aggravated sexual abuse, sexual assault, pimping or pandering involving prostitution, sexual exploitation of children (including sections 2251, 2251A, 2252 and 2260), peonage, slavery, or trafficking in persons (including sections 1581 through 1592) and sections 2421 through 2427 (relating to transport for illegal sexual activity).
 - "(3) MINOR.—The term 'minor' means an individual who is less than 18 years of age.
 - "(4) SERIOUS VIOLENT FELONY.—The term 'serious violent felony' has the meaning given that term in section 3559.
 - "(5) STATE.—The term 'State' means each of the several States of the United States, the District of Columbia, and any commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United States.
 - "(6) VIOLENT FELONY.—The term 'violent felony' means any offense that has as an element the use of physical force against the person of another,

or is burglary, arson, kidnapping, or extortion, but 1 2 is not a serious violent felony. 3 "§ 522. Criminal street gang prosecutions 4 "(a) STREET GANG CRIME.—It shall be unlawful for 5 any person to knowingly commit, or conspire (with any 6 act to effect the object of the conspiracy), threaten, or attempt to commit, a gang crime for the purpose of fur-8 thering the activities of a criminal street gang, or gaining entrance to or maintaining or increasing position in a criminal street gang, or as consideration for anything of 10 pecuniary value to or from a criminal street gang, if the 12 activities of that criminal street gang occur in or affect 13 interstate or foreign commerce. 14 "(b) Penalties.— 15 "(1) COMMISSION; ATTEMPTS; CONSPIRACY 16 LEADERS.—Any person who commits, attempts to 17 commit, or conspires to commit (and occupies a po-18 sition of organizer, a supervisory position, or any 19 other position of management within the criminal 20 street gang for such conspiracy) an offense described 21 under subsection (a) that is— 22 "(A) murder, kidnapping, or conduct that would violate section 2241 if the conduct oc-23 24 curred in the special maritime and territorial

jurisdiction of the United States, shall be fined

1	under this title and imprisoned for any term of
2	years or for life;
3	"(B) any other serious violent felony, shall
4	be fined under this title and imprisoned for not
5	more than 30 years;
6	"(C) any violent felony, shall be fined
7	under this title and imprisoned for not more
8	than 20 years; and
9	"(D) not described in subparagraphs (A)
10	through (C), shall be fined under this title and
11	imprisoned for not more than 10 years.
12	"(2) Other Conspiracy members.—Any per-
13	son who conspires to commit (and who does not oc-
14	cupy a position of organizer, a supervisory position,
15	or any other position of management within the
16	criminal street gang for such conspiracy) an offense
17	described under subsection (a) that is—
18	"(A) murder, shall be fined under this title
19	and imprisoned for not more than 25 years; and
20	"(B) any other serious violent felony or
21	violent felony, shall be fined under this title and
22	imprisoned for not more than 15 years.
23	"(3) Threats.—Any person who threatens to
24	commit an offense described under subsection (a)
25	that is—

1	"(A) described in subparagraphs (A)
2	through (C) of paragraph (1), shall be fined
3	under this title and imprisoned for not more
4	than 10 years; and
5	"(B) not described in such subparagraphs,
6	shall be fined under this title and imprisoned
7	for not more than 8 years.
8	"§ 523. Recruitment of persons to participate in a
9	criminal street gang
10	"(a) Prohibited Acts.—It shall be unlawful to
11	knowingly recruit, employ, solicit, induce, command, co-
12	erce, or cause another person to be or remain as a member
13	of a criminal street gang, or attempt or conspire to do
14	so (with any act to effect the object of the conspiracy),
15	with the intent to cause that person to participate in a
16	gang crime, if the defendant travels in interstate or for-
17	eign commerce in the course of the offense, or if the activi-
18	ties of that criminal street gang are in or affect interstate
19	or foreign commerce.
20	"(b) Penalties.—Whoever violates subsection (a)
21	shall—
22	"(1) with respect to a person who is over 18
23	years of age and who recruited, employed, solicited,
24	induced, commanded, coerced, or caused a minor to
25	participate or remain in a criminal street gang (or

1 conspired to do so while occupying a position of or-2 ganizer, a supervisory position, or any other position of management in such conspiracy)— 3 "(A) be fined under this title, imprisoned 4 5 not more than 10 years, or both; and 6 "(B) at the discretion of the sentencing 7 judge, be liable for any costs incurred by the 8 Federal Government, or by any State or local 9 government, for housing, maintaining, and 10 treating the minor until the person attains the 11 age of 18 years; 12 "(2) with respect to a person who induces, com-13 mands, or coerces the participation or remaining in 14 a criminal street gang of another person (or con-15 spires to do so while occupying a position of orga-16 nizer, a supervisory position, or any other position of 17 management in such conspiracy) while incarcerated, 18 be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 19 10 years, or both; 20 "(3) with respect to a person who conspires to 21 commit an offense described in paragraph (1) or (2) 22 (but who does not occupy a position of organizer, a 23 supervisory position, or any other position of man-24 agement in such conspiracy), be fined under this

title, imprisoned not more than 7 years, or both;

"(4) with respect to a person who violates such subsection and is not described in paragraph (1), (2), or (3), (other than a person described in paragraph (5)), be fined under this title, imprisoned not

more than 5 years, or both; and

- 6 "(5) with respect to a person who conspires to
 7 commit an offense which violates such subsection
 8 and is not described in paragraph (1), (2), or (3)
 9 (but who does not occupy a position of organizer, a
 10 supervisory position, or any other position of man11 agement in such conspiracy), be fined under this
 12 title, imprisoned not more than 3 years, or both.
- "(c) Consecutive Nature of Penalties.—Any term of imprisonment imposed under subsection (b)(2) shall be consecutive to any term imposed for any other offense.

17 **"§ 524. Forfeiture**

- 18 "(a) Criminal Forfeiture.—A person who is con-
- 19 victed of a violation of this chapter shall forfeit to the
- 20 United States—
- 21 "(1) any property used, or intended to be used,
- in any manner or part, to commit, or to facilitate
- 23 the commission of, the violation; and

- 1 "(2) any property constituting, or derived from,
- any proceeds obtained, directly or indirectly, as a re-
- 3 sult of the violation.
- 4 "(b) Procedures Applicable.—Pursuant to sec-
- 5 tion 2461(c) of title 28, the provisions of section 413 of
- 6 the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 853), except
- 7 subsections (a) and (d) of that section, shall apply to the
- 8 criminal forfeiture of property under this section.".
- 9 (b) Amendment Relating to Priority of For-
- 10 FEITURE OVER ORDERS FOR RESTITUTION.—Section
- 11 3663(c)(4) of title 18, United States Code, is amended
- 12 by striking "chapter 46 or" and inserting "chapter 26,
- 13 chapter 46, or".
- (c) Money Laundering.—Section 1956(c)(7)(D) of
- 15 title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting ",
- 16 section 522 (relating to criminal street gang prosecutions),
- 17 and 523 (relating to recruitment of persons to participate
- 18 in a criminal street gang)" before ", section 541".
- 19 (d) Amendment of Special Sentencing Provi-
- 20 SION PROHIBITING PRISONER COMMUNICATIONS.—Sec-
- 21 tion 3582(d) of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
- 22 (1) by inserting "chapter 26 (criminal street
- gangs)," before "chapter 95"; and
- 24 (2) by inserting "a criminal street gang or" be-
- fore "an illegal enterprise".

1	TITLE II—VIOLENT CRIME RE-
2	FORMS TO REDUCE GANG VI-
3	OLENCE
4	SEC. 201. MURDER AND OTHER VIOLENT CRIMES COM-
5	MITTED DURING AND IN RELATION TO A
6	DRUG TRAFFICKING CRIME.
7	(a) In General.—Part D of the Controlled Sub-
8	stances Act (21 U.S.C. 841 et seq.) is amended by adding
9	at the end the following:
10	"SEC. 424. MURDER AND OTHER VIOLENT CRIMES COM-
11	MITTED DURING AND IN RELATION TO A
12	DRUG TRAFFICKING CRIME.
13	"(a) In General.—Whoever, during and in relation
14	to any drug trafficking crime, knowingly commits any
15	crime of violence against any individual that is an offense
16	under Federal law punishable by imprisonment for more
17	than 1 year or a felony offense under State law that is
18	punishable by a term of imprisonment of 5 years or more,
19	or threatens, attempts or conspires to do so, shall be pun-
20	ished by a fine under title 18, United States Code, and—
21	"(1) for murder, kidnapping, or conduct that
22	would violate section 2241 if the conduct occurred in
23	the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of
24	the United States, by imprisonment for any term of
25	vears or for life;

1	"(2) for a serious violent felony (as defined in
2	section 3559 of title 18, United States Code) other
3	than a felony described in paragraph (1), by impris-
4	onment for not more than 30 years;
5	"(3) for a crime of violence that is not a serious
6	violent felony, by imprisonment for not more than
7	20 years;
8	"(4) for conspiring to commit a crime of vio-
9	lence, by imprisonment for not more than 10 years;
10	and
11	"(5) for threatening to commit a crime of vio-
12	lence, by imprisonment for not more than 8 years.
13	"(b) Venue.—A prosecution for a violation of this
14	section may be brought in—
15	"(1) the judicial district in which the murder or
16	other crime of violence occurred; or
17	"(2) any judicial district in which the drug traf-
18	ficking crime may be prosecuted.
19	"(c) Definitions.—In this section—
20	"(1) the term 'crime of violence' means an of-
21	fense that has as an element the use of physical
22	force against the person of another; and
23	"(2) the term 'drug trafficking crime' has the
24	meaning given that term in section 924(c)(2) of title
25	18 United States Code "

- 1 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
- 2 for the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Con-
- 3 trol Act of 1970 (Public Law 91–513; 84 Stat. 1236) is
- 4 amended by inserting after the item relating to section
- 5 423, the following:

"Sec. 424. Murder and other violent crimes committed during and in relation to a drug trafficking crime.".

6 SEC. 202. EXPANSION OF REBUTTABLE PRESUMPTION

- 7 AGAINST RELEASE OF PERSONS CHARGED
- 8 WITH FIREARMS OFFENSES.
- 9 Section 3142(e) of title 18, United States Code, is
- 10 amended in the matter following paragraph (3), by insert-
- 11 ing after "that the person committed" the following: "an
- 12 offense under subsection (g)(1) (where the underlying con-
- 13 viction is a drug trafficking crime or crime of violence (as
- 14 those terms are defined in section 924(c))), (g)(2), (g)(3),
- 15 (g)(4), (g)(5), (g)(8), (g)(9), (g)(10), or (g)(11) of section
- 16 922,".
- 17 SEC. 203. STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS FOR VIOLENT CRIMES
- 18 AND TERRORISM OFFENSES.
- 19 (a) Statute of Limitations for Violent
- 20 Crimes.—Chapter 213 of title 18, United States Code,
- 21 is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 22 "§ 3299A. Violent crime offenses
- 23 "No person shall be prosecuted, tried, or punished
- 24 for any noncapital felony crime of violence, including any

- 1 racketeering activity or gang crime which involves any
- 2 crime of violence, unless the indictment is found or the
- 3 information is instituted not later than 8 years after the
- 4 date on which the alleged violation occurred or the con-
- 5 tinuing offense was completed.".
- 6 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
- 7 at the beginning of chapter 213 of title 18, United States
- 8 Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "3299A. Violent crime offenses.".
- 9 (c) Statute of Limitations for Terrorism Of-
- 10 FENSES.—Section 3286(a) of title 18, United States Code,
- 11 is amended—
- 12 (1) in the subsection heading, by striking
- "EIGHT-YEAR" and inserting "TEN-YEAR"; and
- 14 (2) in the first sentence, by striking "8 years"
- and inserting "10 years".
- 16 SEC. 204. STUDY OF HEARSAY EXCEPTION FOR FOR-
- 17 FEITURE BY WRONGDOING.
- The Judicial Conference of the United States shall
- 19 study section 804(b) of the Federal Rules of Evidence to
- 20 determine the necessity and desirability of amending that
- 21 section, including the possible expansion of section
- 22 804(b)(6), and shall make modifications as the Judicial
- 23 Conference sees fit.

SEC. 205. POSSESSION OF FIREARMS BY DANGEROUS FEL-2 ONS. 3 (a) In General.—Section 924(e) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking paragraph (1) and 4 5 inserting the following: 6 "(1) A person who violates subsection (g) of section 922 of this title and has previously been convicted by any 7 8 court referred to in section 922(g)(1) of a violent felony 9 or a serious drug offense shall— "(A) in the case of 1 such prior conviction, 10 11 where a period of not more than 10 years has 12 elapsed since the later of the date of conviction and 13 the date of release of the person from imprisonment 14 for that conviction, be imprisoned for not more than 15 15 years, fined under this title, or both; 16 "(B) in the case of 2 such prior convictions, 17 committed on occasions different from one another, 18 and where a period of not more than 10 years has 19 elapsed since the later of the date of conviction and 20 the date of release of the person from imprisonment 21 for the most recent such conviction, be imprisoned 22 for not more than 20 years, fined under this title, 23 or both; and 24 "(C) in the case of 3 such prior convictions,

committed on occasions different from one another,

and where a period of not more than 10 years has

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- 1 elapsed since the later of the date of conviction and
- 2 the date of release of the person from imprisonment
- for the most recent such conviction, be imprisoned
- 4 for any term of years or for life and fined under this
- 5 title, and notwithstanding any other provision of
- 6 law, the court shall not suspend the sentence of, or
- 7 grant a probationary sentence to, such person with
- 8 respect to the conviction under section 922(g).".
- 9 (b) Amendment to Sentencing Guidelines.—
- 10 Pursuant to its authority under section 994(p) of title 28,
- 11 United States Code, the United States Sentencing Com-
- 12 mission shall amend the Federal Sentencing Guidelines to
- 13 provide for an appropriate increase in the offense level for
- 14 violations of section 922(g) of title 18, United States
- 15 Code, in accordance with section 924(e) of that title 18,
- 16 as amended by subsection (a).
- 17 SEC. 206. CONFORMING AMENDMENT.
- 18 The matter preceding paragraph (1) in section
- 19 922(d) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by in-
- 20 serting ", transfer," after "sell".
- 21 SEC. 207. PROHIBITION ON ILLEGAL GUN TRANSFERS TO
- 22 COMMIT DRUG TRAFFICKING CRIMES OR
- 23 CRIMES OF VIOLENCE.
- Section 924(h) of title 18, United States Code, is
- 25 amended to read as follows:

"(h) Whoever knowingly transfers a firearm that has
moved in or that otherwise affects interstate or foreign
commerce, knowing that the firearm will be used to com-
mit, or possessed in furtherance of, a crime of violence
(as defined in subsection (c)(3)) or drug trafficking crime
(as defined in subsection $(c)(2)$) shall be fined under this
title and imprisoned not more than 20 years.".
SEC. 208. PUBLICITY CAMPAIGN ABOUT NEW CRIMINAL
PENALTIES AND GANG-RELATED OUTREACH.
(a) Media Campaigns.—The Attorney General is
authorized to conduct media campaigns in any area des-
ignated as a high intensity gang activity area under sec-
tion 301 and any area with existing and emerging prob-
lems with gangs, as needed, to—
(1) educate individuals in that area about the
changes in criminal penalties made by this Act; and
(2) provide information to individuals in that
area about service providers in the community that
provide gang-involved or at-risk youth with positive
alternatives to gangs and other violent groups and
that address the needs of those who leave gangs and
other violent groups and those reentering society
from prison (including service providers experienced

at reaching youth and adults who have been involved

in violence and violent gangs or groups).

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1	(b) Report.—The Attorney General shall report to
2	the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the
3	Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representa-
4	tives the amount of expenditures and all other aspects of
5	the media campaigns conducted under this section.
6	(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
7	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
8	\$10,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2010 through
9	2014.
10	SEC. 209. PREDICATE CRIMES FOR AUTHORIZATION OF
11	INTERCEPTION OF WIRE, ORAL, AND ELEC-
12	TRONIC COMMUNICATIONS.
13	Section 2516(1) of title 18, United States Code, is
14	amended—
15	(1) by striking "or" and the end of paragraph
16	$(\mathbf{r});$
17	(2) by redesignating paragraph (s) as para-
18	graph (u); and
19	(3) by inserting after paragraph (r) the fol-
20	lowing:
21	"(s) any violation of section 424 of the Con-
22	trolled Substances Act (relating to murder and other
23	violent crimes in furtherance of a drug trafficking
24	crime);
25	"(t) any violation of section 522 or 523; or".

1 SEC. 210. CLARIFICATION OF HOBBS ACT.

2	Section 1951(b) of title 18, United States Code, is
3	amended—
4	(1) in paragraph (1), by inserting "including
5	the unlawful impersonation of a law enforcement of-
6	ficer (as that term is defined in section 245(c) of
7	this title)," after "by means of actual or threatened
8	force,"; and
9	(2) in paragraph (2), by inserting "including
10	the unlawful impersonation of a law enforcement of-
11	ficer (as that term is defined in section 245(c) of
12	this title)," after "by wrongful use of actual or
13	threatened force,".
14	SEC. 211. MAKING PERSONAL INFORMATION ABOUT CER-
15	TAIN WITNESSES AND INFORMANTS PUB-
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16	LICLY AVAILABLE WITH UNLAWFUL INTENT.
	LICLY AVAILABLE WITH UNLAWFUL INTENT. (a) Offense.—Whoever knowingly makes restricted
16	
16 17	(a) Offense.—Whoever knowingly makes restricted
16 17 18	(a) Offense.—Whoever knowingly makes restricted personal information about a covered individual, or a
16 17 18 19	(a) Offense.—Whoever knowingly makes restricted personal information about a covered individual, or a member of the immediate family of that covered indi-
16 17 18 19 20	(a) Offense.—Whoever knowingly makes restricted personal information about a covered individual, or a member of the immediate family of that covered individual, publicly available in or affecting interstate or for-
16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Offense.—Whoever knowingly makes restricted personal information about a covered individual, or a member of the immediate family of that covered individual, publicly available in or affecting interstate or foreign commerce—
16171819202122	(a) Offense.—Whoever knowingly makes restricted personal information about a covered individual, or a member of the immediate family of that covered individual, publicly available in or affecting interstate or foreign commerce— (1) with the intent to threaten, intimidate, or

1	(2) with the intent that the restricted personal
2	information will be used to threaten, intimidate, or
3	facilitate the commission of a crime of violence
4	against that covered individual, or a member of the
5	immediate family of that covered individual;
6	shall be fined under title 18, United States Code, impris-
7	oned not more than 10 years, or both.
8	(b) Definitions.—In this section—
9	(1) the term "restricted personal information"
10	means, with respect to an individual, the Social Se-
11	curity number, the home address, home phone num-
12	ber, mobile phone number, personal email, or home
13	fax number of that individual;
14	(2) the term "covered individual" means a wit-
15	ness or informant in a Federal or State criminal in-
16	vestigation or prosecution;
17	(3) the term "crime of violence" has the mean-
18	ing given that term in section 16 of title 18, United
19	States Code; and
20	(4) the term "immediate family" has the mean-
21	ing given that term in section 115(c)(2) of title 18,
22	United States Code.
23	SEC. 212. AMENDMENT OF SENTENCING GUIDELINES.
24	(a) In General.—Pursuant to its authority under
25	section 994 of title 28, United States Code, and in accord-

1	ance with this section, the United States Sentencing Com-
2	mission shall review and, if appropriate, amend its guide-
3	lines and policy statements to conform with this title and
4	the amendments made by this title.
5	(b) Requirements.—In carrying out this section,
6	the United States Sentencing Commission shall—
7	(1) establish new guidelines and policy state-
8	ments, as warranted, in order to implement new or
9	revised criminal offenses under this title and the
10	amendments made by this title;
11	(2) consider the extent to which the guidelines
12	and policy statements adequately address—
13	(A) whether the guidelines offense levels
14	and enhancements—
15	(i) are sufficient to deter and punish
16	such offenses; and
17	(ii) are adequate in view of the statu-
18	tory increases in penalties contained in this
19	title and the amendments made by this
20	title; and
21	(B) whether any existing or new specific
22	offense characteristics should be added to re-
23	flect congressional intent to increase penalties
24	for the offenses set forth in this title and the
25	amendments made by this title:

- 1 (3) consider whether specific offense character-2 istics should be added to increase the guideline 3 range—
 - (A) by additional offense levels, if a criminal defendant committing a gang crime or gang recruiting offense was an alien who was present in the United States in violation of section 275 or 276 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1325 and 1326) at the time the offense was committed; and
 - (B) by further additional offense levels, if such defendant had also previously been ordered removed or deported under the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.) on the grounds of having committed a crime;
 - (4) determine under what circumstances a sentence of imprisonment imposed under this title or the amendments made by this title shall run consecutively to any other sentence of imprisonment imposed for any other crime, except that the Commission shall ensure that a sentence of imprisonment imposed under section 424 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 841 et seq.), as added by this Act, shall run consecutively, to an extent that

1	the Sentencing Commission determines appropriate,
2	to the sentence imposed for the underlying drug
3	trafficking offense;
4	(5) account for any aggravating or mitigating
5	circumstances that might justify exceptions to the
6	generally applicable sentencing ranges;
7	(6) ensure reasonable consistency with other
8	relevant directives, other sentencing guidelines, and
9	statutes;
10	(7) make any necessary and conforming
11	changes to the sentencing guidelines and policy
12	statements; and
13	(8) ensure that the guidelines adequately meet
14	the purposes of sentencing set forth in section
15	3553(a)(2) of title 18, United States Code.
16	TITLE III—INCREASED FEDERAL
17	RESOURCES TO DETER AND
18	PREVENT SERIOUSLY AT-RISK
19	YOUTH FROM JOINING ILLE-
20	GAL STREET GANGS AND FOR
21	OTHER PURPOSES
22	SEC. 301. DESIGNATION OF AND ASSISTANCE FOR HIGH IN-
23	TENSITY GANG ACTIVITY AREAS.
24	(a) Definitions.—In this section:

- 1 (1) GOVERNOR.—The term "Governor" means
 2 a Governor of a State, the Mayor of the District of
 3 Columbia, the tribal leader of an Indian tribe, or the
 4 chief executive of a Commonwealth, territory, or pos5 session of the United States.
 - (2) High intensity gang activity area" or "High intensity gang activity area" or "High intensity gang activity area" or Indian country that is designated as a high intensity gang activity area under subsection (b)(1).
 - (3) Indian country.—The term "Indian country" has the meaning given the term in section 1151 of title 18, United States Code.
 - (4) Indian tribe.—The term "Indian tribe" has the meaning given the term in section 4(e) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450b(e)).
 - (5) STATE.—The term "State" means a State of the United States, the District of Columbia, and any commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United States.
 - (6) Tribal leader. The term "tribal leader" means the chief executive officer representing the governing body of an Indian tribe.
- 25 (b) High Intensity Gang Activity Areas.—

1	(1) Designation.—The Attorney General,
2	after consultation with the Governors of appropriate
3	States, may designate as high intensity gang activity
4	areas, specific areas that are located within 1 or
5	more States, which may consist of 1 or more munici-
6	palities, counties, or other jurisdictions as appro-
7	priate.
8	(2) Assistance.—In order to provide Federal
9	assistance to high intensity gang activity areas, the
10	Attorney General shall—
11	(A) establish local collaborative working
12	groups, which shall include—
13	(i) criminal street gang enforcement
14	teams, consisting of Federal, State, tribal,
15	and local law enforcement authorities, for
16	the coordinated investigation, disruption,
17	apprehension, and prosecution of criminal
18	street gangs and offenders in each high in-
19	tensity gang activity area;
20	(ii) educational, community, and faith
21	leaders in the area;
22	(iii) service providers in the commu-
23	nity, including those experienced at reach-
24	ing youth and adults who have been in-
25	volved in violence and violent cance or

1	groups, to provide gang-involved or seri-
2	ously at-risk youth with positive alter-
3	natives to gangs and other violent groups
4	and to address the needs of those who
5	leave gangs and other violent groups, and
6	those reentering society from prison; and
7	(iv) evaluation teams to research and
8	collect information, assess data, rec-
9	ommend adjustments, and generally assure
10	the accountability and effectiveness of pro-
11	gram implementation;
12	(B) direct the reassignment or detailing
13	from any Federal department or agency (sub-
14	ject to the approval of the head of that depart-
15	ment or agency, in the case of a department or
16	agency other than the Department of Justice)
17	of personnel to each criminal street gang en-
18	forcement team;
19	(C) direct the reassignment or detailing of
20	representatives from—
21	(i) the Department of Justice;
22	(ii) the Department of Education;
23	(iii) the Department of Labor;
24	(iv) the Department of Health and
25	Human Services;

1	(v) the Department of Housing and
2	Urban Development; and
3	(vi) any other Federal department or
4	agency;
5	(subject to the approval of the head of that de-
6	partment or agency, in the case of a depart-
7	ment or agency other than the Department of
8	Justice) to each high intensity gang activity
9	area to identify and coordinate efforts to access
10	Federal programs and resources available to
11	provide gang prevention, intervention, and re-
12	entry assistance;
13	(D) prioritize and administer the Federal
14	program and resource requests made by the
15	local collaborative working group established
16	under subparagraph (A) for each high intensity
17	gang activity area;
18	(E) provide all necessary funding for the
19	operation of each local collaborative working
20	group in each high intensity gang activity area;
21	and
22	(F) provide all necessary funding for na-
23	tional and regional meetings of local collabo-
24	rative working groups, criminal street gang en-
25	forcement teams, and educational, community,

1	social service, faith-based, and all other related
2	organizations, as needed, to ensure effective op-
3	eration of such teams through the sharing of
4	intelligence and best practices and for any other
5	related purpose.
6	(3) Composition of Criminal Street gang
7	ENFORCEMENT TEAM.—Each team established
8	under paragraph (2)(A)(i) shall consist of agents
9	and officers, where feasible, from—
10	(A) the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
11	(B) the Drug Enforcement Administration;
12	(C) the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Fire-
13	arms, and Explosives;
14	(D) the United States Marshals Service;
15	(E) the Department of Homeland Security;
16	(F) the Department of Housing and Urban
17	Development;
18	(G) State, local, and, where appropriate,
19	tribal law enforcement;
20	(H) Federal, State, and local prosecutors;
21	and
22	(I) the Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of
23	Law Enforcement Services, where appropriate.
24	(4) Criteria for designation.—In consid-
25	ering an area for designation as a high intensity

1	gang activity area under this section, the Attorney
2	General shall consider—
3	(A) the current and predicted levels of
4	gang crime activity in the area;
5	(B) the extent to which qualitative and
6	quantitative data indicate that violent crime in
7	the area is related to criminal street gang activ-
8	ity, such as murder, robbery, assaults,
9	carjacking, arson, kidnapping, extortion, drug
10	trafficking, and other criminal activity;
11	(C) the extent to which State, local, and,
12	where appropriate, tribal law enforcement agen-
13	cies, schools, community groups, social service
14	agencies, job agencies, faith-based organiza-
15	tions, and other organizations have committed
16	resources to—
17	(i) respond to the gang crime prob-
18	lem; and
19	(ii) participate in a gang enforcement
20	team;
21	(D) the extent to which a significant in-
22	crease in the allocation of Federal resources
23	would enhance local response to the gang crime
24	activities in the area;
25	(E) whether the area—

1	(i) has a comprehensive strategy to
2	respond to local gang-related issues (in-
3	cluding prevention and intervention);
4	(ii) coordinates Federal actions and
5	resources to support local implementation
6	of such comprehensive strategy; and
7	(iii) maximizes the resources available
8	from the various levels of government for
9	responding to gang-related issues; and
10	(F) any other criteria that the Attorney
11	General considers to be appropriate.
12	(5) Relation to hidtas.—If the Attorney
13	General establishes a high intensity gang activity
14	area that substantially overlaps geographically with
15	any existing high intensity drug trafficking area (in
16	this section referred to as a "HIDTA"), the Attor-
17	ney General shall direct the local collaborative work-
18	ing group for that high intensity gang activity area
19	to enter into an agreement with the Executive Board
20	for that HIDTA, providing that—
21	(A) the Executive Board of that HIDTA
22	shall establish a separate high intensity gang
23	activity area law enforcement steering com-
24	mittee, and select (with a preference for Fed-
25	eral, State, and local law enforcement agencies

that are within the geographic area of that high intensity gang activity area) the members of that committee, subject to the concurrence of the Attorney General;

- (B) the high intensity gang activity area law enforcement steering committee established under subparagraph (A) shall administer the funds provided under subsection (g)(1) for the criminal street gang enforcement team, after consulting with, and consistent with the goals and strategies established by, that local collaborative working group;
- (C) the high intensity gang activity area law enforcement steering committee established under subparagraph (A) shall select, from Federal, State, and local law enforcement agencies within the geographic area of that high intensity gang activity area, the members of the Criminal Street Gang Enforcement Team, in accordance with paragraph (3); and
- (D) the Criminal Street Gang Enforcement Team of that high intensity gang activity area, and its law enforcement steering committee, may, with approval of the Executive Board of the HIDTA with which it substantially over-

1	laps, utilize the intelligence-sharing, administra-
2	tive, and other resources of that HIDTA.
3	(c) Reporting Requirements.—
4	(1) In general.—Not later than December 1
5	of each year, the Attorney General shall submit a re-
6	port to the appropriate committees of Congress and
7	the Director of the Office of Management and Budge
8	et and the Domestic Policy Council that describes
9	for each designated high intensity gang activity
10	area—
11	(A) the specific long-term and short-term
12	goals and objectives;
13	(B) the measurements used to evaluate the
14	performance of the high intensity gang activity
15	area in achieving the long-term and short-term
16	goals;
17	(C) the age, composition, and membership
18	of gangs;
19	(D) the number and nature of crimes com-
20	mitted by gangs and gang members;
21	(E) the definition of the term "gang" used
22	to compile that report; and
23	(F) the programmatic outcomes and fund-
24	ing needs of the high intensity gang area, in-
25	cluding—

1	(i) an evidence-based analysis of the
2	best practices and outcomes from the work
3	of the relevant local collaborative working
4	group; and
5	(ii) an analysis of whether Federal re-
6	sources distributed meet the needs of the
7	high intensity gang activity area and, is
8	any programmatic funding shortfalls exist
9	recommendations for programs or funding
10	to meet such shortfalls.
11	(2) Appropriate committees.—In this sub-
12	section, the term "appropriate committees of Con-
13	gress'' means—
14	(A) the Committee on the Judiciary, the
15	Committee on Appropriations, and the Com-
16	mittee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pen-
17	sions of the Senate; and
18	(B) the Committee on the Judiciary, the
19	Committee on Appropriations, the Committee
20	on Education and Labor, and the Committee or
21	Energy and Commerce of the House of Rep-
22	resentatives.
23	(d) Additional Assistant United States Attor
24	NEYS.—The Attorney General is authorized to hire 94 ad-
25	ditional Assistant United States attorneys, and non-

- 1 attorney coordinators and paralegals as necessary, to
- 2 carry out the provisions of this section.
- 3 (e) Additional Defense Counsel.—In each of
- 4 the fiscal years 2010 through 2014, the Director of the
- 5 Administrative Office of the United States Courts is au-
- 6 thorized to hire 71 additional attorneys, nonattorney coor-
- 7 dinators, and investigators, as necessary, in Federal De-
- 8 fender Programs and Federal Community Defender Orga-
- 9 nizations, and to make additional payments as necessary
- 10 to retain appointed counsel under section 3006A of title
- 11 18, United States Code, to adequately respond to any in-
- 12 creased or expanded caseloads that may occur as a result
- 13 of this Act or the amendments made by this Act. Funding
- 14 under this subsection shall not exceed the funding levels
- 15 under subsection (d).
- 16 (f) National Gang Research, Evaluation, and
- 17 Policy Institute.—
- 18 (1) In General.—The Office of Justice Pro-
- 19 grams of the Department of Justice, after consulting
- with relevant law enforcement officials, practitioners
- 21 and researchers, shall establish a National Gang Re-
- search, Evaluation, and Policy Institute (in this sub-
- section referred to as the "Institute").
- 24 (2) ACTIVITIES.—The Institute shall—

- (A) promote and facilitate the implementa-1 2 tion of data-driven, effective gang violence sup-3 pression, prevention, intervention, and reentry 4 models, such as the Operation Ceasefire model, the Strategic Public Health Approach, the 6 Gang Reduction Program, or any other prom-7 ising municipally driven, comprehensive commu-8 nity-wide strategy that is demonstrated to be 9 effective in reducing gang violence;
 - (B) assist jurisdictions by conducting timely research on effective models and designing and promoting implementation of effective local strategies, including programs that have objectives and data on how they reduce gang violence (including shootings and killings), using prevention, outreach, and community approaches, and that demonstrate the efficacy of these approaches; and
 - (C) provide and contract for technical assistance as needed in support of its mission.
 - (3) National conference.—Not later than 90 days after the date of its formation, the Institute shall design and conduct a national conference to reduce and prevent gang violence, and to teach and promote gang violence prevention, intervention, and

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- reentry strategies. The conference shall be attended by appropriate representatives from criminal street gang enforcement teams, and local collaborative working groups, including representatives of educational, community, religious, and social service organizations, and gang program and policy research evaluators.
 - (4) National demonstration sites.—Not later than 120 days after the date of its formation, the Institute shall select appropriate HIGAA areas to serve as primary national demonstration sites, based on the nature, concentration, and distribution of various gang types, the jurisdiction's established capacity to integrate prevention, intervention, reentry and enforcement efforts, and the range of particular gang-related issues. After establishing primary national demonstration sites, the Institute shall establish such other secondary sites, to be linked to and receive evaluation, research, and technical assistance through the primary sites, as it may determine appropriate.
 - (5) DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION.—Not later than 180 days after the date of its formation, the Institute shall develop and begin dissemination of information about methods to effectively reduce

- and prevent gang violence, including guides, research and assessment models, case studies, evaluations, and best practices. The Institute shall also create a website, designed to support the implementation of successful gang violence prevention models, and disseminate appropriate information to assist jurisdictions in reducing gang violence.
 - (6) Gang intervention academies.—Not later than 6 months after the date of its formation, the Institute shall, either directly or through contracts with qualified nonprofit organizations, establish not less than 1 training academy, located in a high intensity gang activity area, to promote effective gang intervention and community policing. The purposes of an academy established under this paragraph shall be to increase professionalism of gang intervention workers, improve officer training for working with gang intervention workers, create best practices for independent cooperation between officers and intervention workers, and develop training for community policing.
 - (7) SUPPORT.—The Institute shall obtain initial and continuing support from experienced researchers and practitioners, as it determines necessary, to test

1 and assist in implementing its strategies nationally, 2 regionally, and locally. (8) Research agenda.—The Institute shall 3 4 establish and implement a core research agenda de-5 signed to address areas of particular challenge, in-6 cluding— 7 (A) how best to apply and continue to test 8 the models described in paragraph (2) in par-9 ticularly large jurisdictions; 10 (B) how to foster and maximize the con-11 tinuing impact of community moral voices in 12 this context; 13 (C) how to ensure the long-term sustain-14 ability of reduced violent crime levels once ini-15 tial levels of enthusiasm may subside; and 16 (D) how to apply existing intervention 17 frameworks to emerging local, regional, na-18 tional, or international gang problems, such as 19 the emergence of the gang known as MS-13. (9) EVALUATION.—The National Institute of 20 21 Justice shall evaluate, on a continuing basis, com-22 prehensive gang violence prevention, intervention, 23 suppression, and reentry strategies supported by the 24 Institute, and shall report the results of these eval-

uations by no later than October 1 each year to the

1	Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the
2	Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Rep-
3	resentatives.
4	(10) Funds.—The Attorney General shall use
5	not less than 3 percent, and not more than 5 per-
6	cent, of the amounts made available under this sec-
7	tion to establish and operate the Institute.
8	(g) Use of Funds.—Of amounts made available to
9	a local collaborative working group under this section for
10	each fiscal year that are remaining after the costs of hir-
11	ing a full time coordinator for the local collaborative effort,
12	funds shall be used as follows:
13	(1) Gang enforcement and research
14	FUNDING.—Fifty percent of the funds shall be
15	used—
16	(A) for the operation of criminal street
17	gang enforcement teams;
18	(B) for the establishment and operation of
19	the National Gang Research, Evaluation, and
20	Policy Institute; and
21	(C) to support and provide technical assist-
22	ance to research in criminal justice, social serv-
23	ices, and community gang violence prevention
24	collaborations.

1	(2) Gang prevention funding.—Fifty per-
2	cent of the funds shall be used to provide at-risk
3	youth with positive alternatives to gangs and other
4	violent groups and to address the needs of those who
5	leave gangs and other violent groups through—
6	(A) service providers in the community, in-
7	cluding schools, school districts, and county of-
8	fices of education that are engaged in activities
9	that offer support and assistance to local edu-
10	cational agencies; and
11	(B) faith leaders and other individuals ex-
12	perienced at reaching youth who have been in-
13	volved in violence and violent gangs or groups.
14	(h) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
15	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
16	\$100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014.
17	Any funds made available under this subsection shall re-
18	main available until expended.
19	SEC. 302. GANG PREVENTION GRANTS.
20	(a) Authority To Make Grants.—
21	(1) Grants authorized.—The Office of Jus-
22	tice Programs of the Department of Justice may
23	make grants, in accordance with such regulations as
24	the Attorney General may prescribe, to States, units

of local government, tribal governments, and quali-

- fied private entities, to develop community-based programs that provide crime prevention, research, and intervention services that are designed for gang members and at-risk youth.
 - (2) Selection priority.—In selecting entities to receive grants under this section, the Office of Justice Programs shall give priority to entities that—
 - (A) have a comprehensive strategy to carry out community-based programs described in paragraph (1) to respond to local gang-related issues (including prevention and intervention), or, with respect to States or qualified private entities that are not able to carry out such a strategy in a local community, coordinate with a local entity in such community to carry out the comprehensive strategy of such local entity;
 - (B) coordinate Federal actions and resources to support local implementation of such comprehensive strategies; and
 - (C) maximize the resources available from the various levels of government for such community-based programs.
- 24 (b) USE OF GRANT AMOUNTS.—A grant under this 25 section may be used (including through subgrants) for—

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- 1 (1) preventing initial gang recruitment and involvement among younger teenagers;
 - (2) reducing gang involvement through non-violent and constructive activities, such as community service programs, development of nonviolent conflict resolution skills, employment and legal assistance, family counseling, and other safe, community-based alternatives for high-risk youth;
 - (3) developing in-school and after-school gang safety, control, education, and resistance procedures and programs;
 - (4) identifying and addressing early childhood risk factors for gang involvement, including parent training and childhood skills development;
 - (5) identifying and fostering protective factors that buffer children and adolescents from gang involvement;
 - (6) developing and identifying investigative programs designed to deter gang recruitment, involvement, and activities through effective intelligence gathering;
 - (7) developing programs and youth centers for first-time nonviolent offenders facing alternative penalties, such as mandated participation in commu-

- nity service, restitution, counseling, and education
 and prevention programs;
- (8) implementing regional, multidisciplinary approaches to combat gang violence though coordinated programs for prevention and intervention (including street outreach programs and other peacemaking activities) or coordinated law enforcement activities that enhance reintegration strategies for offender reentry; or
 - (9) identifying at-risk and high-risk students through home visits organized through joint collaborations between law enforcement, faith-based organizations, schools, and social workers.

(c) Grant Requirements.—

- (1) Maximum.—The amount of a grant under this section may not exceed \$1,000,000.
- (2) Consultation and cooperation.—Each recipient of a grant under this section shall have in effect on the date of the application by that entity agreements to consult and cooperate with local, State, or Federal law enforcement and participate, as appropriate, in coordinated efforts to reduce gang activity and violence.
- 24 (d) Annual Reports.—

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1	(1) Recipients.—Each recipient of a grant
2	under this section shall submit to the Attorney Gen-
3	eral, for each year in which funds from a grant re-
4	ceived under this section are expended, a report con-
5	taining—
6	(A) a summary of the activities carried out
7	with grant funds during that year;
8	(B) an assessment of the effectiveness of
9	the crime prevention, research, and intervention
10	activities of the recipient, based on data col-
11	lected by the grant recipient;
12	(C) a strategic plan for the year following
13	the year described in paragraph (1);
14	(D) evidence of consultation and coopera-
15	tion with local, State, or Federal law enforce-
16	ment or, if the grant recipient is a government
17	entity, evidence of consultation with an organi-
18	zation engaged in any activity described in sub-
19	section (b); and
20	(E) such other information as the Attorney
21	General may require.
22	(2) Attorney general.—Not later than one
23	year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and
24	annually thereafter, the Attorney General shall sub-

mit to Congress a report, based on the reports sub-

- 1 mitted under paragraph (1), identifying the best
- 2 practices of grant recipients under this section for
- 3 responding to gang-related issues, and important re-
- 4 search relating to such best practices and issues.
- 5 The Attorney General shall make such report pub-
- 6 licly available.
- 7 (e) Definition.—In this section, the term "units of
- 8 local government" includes sheriffs departments, police
- 9 departments, and local prosecutor offices.
- 10 (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 11 are authorized to be appropriated for grants under this
- 12 section \$50,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2010
- 13 through 2014.
- 14 SEC. 303. ENHANCEMENT OF PROJECT SAFE NEIGHBOR-
- 15 HOODS INITIATIVE TO IMPROVE ENFORCE-
- 16 MENT OF CRIMINAL LAWS AGAINST VIOLENT
- 17 GANGS.
- 18 (a) IN GENERAL.—While maintaining the focus of
- 19 Project Safe Neighborhoods as a comprehensive, strategic
- 20 approach to reducing gun violence in America, the Attor-
- 21 ney General is authorized to expand the Project Safe
- 22 Neighborhoods program to require each United States at-
- 23 torney to—

- 1 (1) identify, investigate, and prosecute signifi-2 cant criminal street gangs operating within their dis-3 trict; and
- 4 (2) coordinate the identification, investigation, 5 and prosecution of criminal street gangs among Fed-6 eral, State, and local law enforcement agencies.
- 7 (b) Additional Staff for Project Safe Neigh-8 borhoods.—
- 9 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General may 10 hire Assistant United States attorneys, non-attorney 11 coordinators, or paralegals to carry out the provi-12 sions of this section.
- 13 (2) Enforcement.—The Attorney General
 14 may hire Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and
 15 Explosives agents for, and otherwise expend addi16 tional resources in support of, the Project Safe
 17 Neighborhoods/Firearms Violence Reduction pro18 gram.
- 19 (c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There 20 are authorized to be appropriated \$20,000,000 for each 21 of the fiscal years 2010 through 2014 to carry out this 22 section. Any funds made available under this paragraph 23 shall remain available until expended.

1	SEC. 304. ADDITIONAL RESOURCES NEEDED BY THE FED-
2	ERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION TO INVES-
3	TIGATE AND PROSECUTE VIOLENT CRIMINAL
4	STREET GANGS.
5	(a) Expansion of Safe Streets Program.—The
6	Attorney General is authorized to expand the Safe Streets
7	Program of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the
8	purpose of supporting criminal street gang enforcement
9	teams.
10	(b) National Gang Activity Database.—
11	(1) In General.—The Attorney General shall
12	establish a National Gang Activity Database to be
13	housed at and administered by the Department of
14	Justice.
15	(2) Description.—The database required by
16	paragraph (1) shall—
17	(A) be designed to disseminate gang infor-
18	mation to law enforcement agencies throughout
19	the country and, subject to appropriate con-
20	trols, to disseminate aggregate statistical infor-
21	mation to other members of the criminal justice
22	system, community leaders, academics, and the
23	publie;
24	(B) contain critical information on gangs,
25	gang members, firearms, criminal activities, ve-
26	hicles, and other information useful for inves-

1	tigators in solving and reducing gang-related
2	crimes;
3	(C) operate in a manner that enables law
4	enforcement agencies to—
5	(i) identify gang members involved in
6	crimes;
7	(ii) track the movement of gangs and
8	members throughout the region;
9	(iii) coordinate law enforcement re-
10	sponse to gang violence;
11	(iv) enhance officer safety;
12	(v) provide realistic, up-to-date figures
13	and statistical data on gang crime and vio-
14	lence;
15	(vi) forecast trends and respond ac-
16	cordingly; and
17	(vii) more easily solve crimes and pre-
18	vent violence; and
19	(D) be subject to guidelines, issued by the
20	Attorney General, specifying the criteria for
21	adding information to the database, the appro-
22	priate period for retention of such information,
23	and a process for removing individuals from the
24	database, and prohibiting disseminating gang
25	information to any entity that is not a law en-

- 1 forcement agency, except aggregate statistical 2 information where appropriate.
 - (3) Use of RISS SECURE INTRANET.—From amounts made available to carry out this section, the Attorney General shall provide the Regional Information Sharing Systems such sums as are necessary to use the secure intranet known as RISSNET to electronically connect existing gang information systems (including the RISSGang National Gang Database) with the National Gang Activity Database, thereby facilitating the automated information exchange of existing gang data by all connected systems without the need for additional databases or data replication.

(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

- (1) In General.—In addition to amounts otherwise authorized, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Attorney General \$10,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2010 through 2014 to carry out this section.
- (2) AVAILABILITY.—Any amounts appropriated under paragraph (1) shall remain available until expended.

1	SEC. 305. GRANTS TO PROSECUTORS AND LAW ENFORCE-
2	MENT TO COMBAT VIOLENT CRIME.
3	(a) In General.—Section 31702 of the Violent
4	Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42
5	U.S.C. 13862) is amended—
6	(1) in paragraph (3), by striking "and" at the
7	end;
8	(2) in paragraph (4), by striking the period at
9	the end and inserting a semicolon; and
10	(3) by adding at the end the following:
11	"(5) to hire additional prosecutors to—
12	"(A) allow more cases to be prosecuted;
13	and
14	"(B) reduce backlogs; and
15	"(6) to fund technology, equipment, and train-
16	ing for prosecutors and law enforcement in order to
17	increase accurate identification of gang members
18	and violent offenders, and to maintain databases
19	with such information to facilitate coordination
20	among law enforcement and prosecutors.".
21	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—Section
22	31707 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement
23	Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 13867) is amended to read as
24	follows:

1 "SEC. 31707. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 2 "There are authorized to be appropriated
- 3 \$20,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2010 through
- 4 2014 to carry out this subtitle.".

5 SEC. 306. TRAINING AT THE NATIONAL ADVOCACY CENTER.

- 6 (a) In General.—The National District Attorneys
- 7 Association may use the services of the National Advocacy
- 8 Center in Columbia, South Carolina, to conduct a national
- 9 training program for State and local prosecutors for the
- 10 purpose of improving the professional skills of State and
- 11 local prosecutors and enhancing the ability of Federal,
- 12 State, and local prosecutors to work together.
- 13 (b) Training.—The National Advocacy Center in
- 14 Columbia, South Carolina, may provide comprehensive
- 15 continuing legal education in the areas of trial practice,
- 16 substantive legal updates, and support staff training.
- 17 (c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
- 18 are authorized to be appropriated to the Attorney General
- 19 to carry out this section \$6,500,000, to remain available
- 20 until expended, for fiscal years 2010 through 2013.
- 21 SEC. 307. SHORT-TERM STATE WITNESS PROTECTION SEC-
- 22 **TION.**
- 23 (a) Establishment.—
- 24 (1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 37 of title 28,
- United States Code, is amended by adding at the
- end the following:

1 "§ 570. Short-Term State Witness Protection Section

2	"(a) In General.—There is established in the
3	United States Marshals Service a Short-Term State Wit-
4	ness Protection Section which shall provide protection for
5	witnesses in State and local trials involving homicide or
6	other major violent crimes pursuant to cooperative agree-
7	ments with State and local criminal prosecutor's offices
8	and the United States attorney for the District of Colum-
9	bia.
10	"(b) Eligibility.—
11	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Short-Term State Wit-
12	ness Protection Section shall give priority in award-
13	ing grants and providing services to—
14	"(A) criminal prosecutor's offices for
15	States with an average of not less than 100
16	murders per year; and
17	"(B) criminal prosecutor's offices for juris-
18	dictions that include a city, town, or township
19	with an average violent crime rate per 100,000
20	inhabitants that is above the national average.
21	"(2) CALCULATION.—The rate of murders and
22	violent crime under paragraph (1) shall be calculated
23	using the latest available crime statistics from the
24	Federal Bureau of Investigation during the 5-year
25	period immediately preceding an application for pro-
26	togtion "

1	(2) Chapter analysis.—The chapter analysis
2	for chapter 37 of title 28, United States Code, is
3	amended by striking the items relating to sections
4	570 through 576 and inserting the following:
	"570. Short-Term State Witness Protection Section.".
5	(b) Grant Program.—
6	(1) Definitions.—In this subsection—
7	(A) the term "eligible prosecutor's office"
8	means a State or local criminal prosecutor's of-
9	fice or the United States attorney for the Dis-
10	trict of Columbia; and
11	(B) the term "serious violent felony" has
12	the same meaning as in section $3559(c)(2)$ of
13	title 18, United States Code.
14	(2) Grants authorized.—
15	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General
16	is authorized to make grants to eligible prosecu-
17	tor's offices for purposes of identifying wit-
18	nesses in need of protection or providing short
19	term protection to witnesses in trials involving
20	homicide or serious violent felony.
21	(B) Allocation.—Each eligible prosecu-
22	tor's office receiving a grant under this sub-
23	section may—
24	(i) use the grant to identify witnesses
25	in need of protection or provide witness

1	protection (including tattoo removal serv-
2	ices); or
3	(ii) pursuant to a cooperative agree-
4	ment with the Short-Term State Witness
5	Protection Section of the United States
6	Marshals Service, credit the grant to the
7	Short-Term State Witness Protection Sec-
8	tion to cover the costs to the section of
9	providing witness protection on behalf of
10	the eligible prosecutor's office.
11	(3) Application.—
12	(A) IN GENERAL.—Each eligible prosecu-
13	tor's office desiring a grant under this sub-
14	section shall submit an application to the Attor-
15	ney General at such time, in such manner, and
16	accompanied by such information as the Attor-
17	ney General may reasonably require.
18	(B) Contents.—Each application sub-
19	mitted under subparagraph (A) shall—
20	(i) describe the activities for which as-
21	sistance under this subsection is sought
22	and
23	(ii) provide such additional assurances
24	as the Attorney General determines to be

1	essential to ensure compliance with the re-
2	quirements of this subsection.
3	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
4	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
5	\$90,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2012
6	SEC. 308. WITNESS PROTECTION SERVICES.
7	Section 3526 of title 18, United States Code (Co-
8	operation of other Federal agencies and State govern-
9	ments; reimbursement of expenses), is amended by adding
10	at the end the following:
11	"(c) In any case in which a State government re-
12	quests the Attorney General to provide temporary protec-
13	tion under section 3521(e) of this title, the costs of pro-
14	viding temporary protection are not reimbursable if the
15	investigation or prosecution in any way relates to crimes
16	of violence committed by a criminal street gang, as defined
17	under the laws of the relevant State seeking assistance
18	under this title.".
19	SEC. 309. EXPANSION OF FEDERAL WITNESS RELOCATION
20	AND PROTECTION PROGRAM.
21	Section 3521(a)(1) of title 18, United States Code
22	is amended by inserting ", criminal street gang, serious
23	drug offense, homicide," after "organized criminal activ-
24	ity".

1	SEC. 310. FAMILY ABDUCTION PREVENTION GRANT PRO-
2	GRAM.
3	(a) State Grants.—The Attorney General is au-
4	thorized to make grants to States for projects involving—
5	(1) the extradition of individuals suspected of
6	committing a family abduction;
7	(2) the investigation by State and local law en-
8	forcement agencies of family abduction cases;
9	(3) the training of State and local law enforce-
10	ment agencies in responding to family abductions
11	and recovering abducted children, including the de-
12	velopment of written guidelines and technical assist-
13	ance;
14	(4) outreach and media campaigns to educate
15	parents on the dangers of family abductions; and
16	(5) the flagging of school records.
17	(b) Matching Requirement.—Not less than 50
18	percent of the cost of a project for which a grant is made
19	under this section shall be provided by non-Federal
20	sources.
21	(c) Definitions.—In this section:
22	(1) Family abduction.—-The term "family
23	abduction" means the taking, keeping, or concealing
24	of a child or children by a parent, other family mem-
25	ber, or person acting on behalf of the parent or fam-

- ily member, that prevents another individual from
 exercising lawful custody or visitation rights.
- 3 (2) FLAGGING.—The term "flagging" means 4 the process of notifying law enforcement authorities 5 of the name and address of any person requesting 6 the school records of an abducted child.
- 7 (3) STATE.—The term "State" means each of 8 the several States, the District of Columbia, the 9 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth 10 of the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, 11 Guam, the Virgin Islands, any territory or posses-12 sion of the United States, and any Indian tribe.
- 13 (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There 14 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section 15 \$500,000 for fiscal year 2010 and such sums as may be 16 necessary for each of fiscal years 2011 and 2012.
- 17 SEC. 311. STUDY ON ADOLESCENT DEVELOPMENT AND
 18 SENTENCES IN THE FEDERAL SYSTEM.
- 19 (a) In General.—The United States Sentencing 20 Commission shall conduct a study to examine the appro-21 priateness of sentences for minors in the Federal system.
- 22 (b) Contents.—The study conducted under sub-23 section (a) shall—

1	(1) incorporate the most recent research and
2	expertise in the field of adolescent brain development
3	and culpability;
4	(2) evaluate the toll of juvenile crime, particu-
5	larly violent juvenile crime, on communities;
6	(3) consider the appropriateness of life sen-
7	tences without possibility for parole for minor of-
8	fenders in the Federal system; and
9	(4) evaluate issues of recidivism by juveniles
10	who are released from prison or detention after serv-
11	ing determinate sentences.
12	(c) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date
13	of enactment of this Act, the United States Sentencing
14	Commission shall submit to Congress a report regarding
15	the study conducted under subsection (a), which shall—
16	(1) include the findings of the Commission;
17	(2) describe significant cases reviewed as part
18	of the study; and
19	(3) make recommendations, if any.
20	(d) REVISION OF GUIDELINES.—If determined ap-
21	propriate by the United States Sentencing Commission,
22	after completing the study under subsection (a) the Com-
23	mission may, pursuant to its authority under section 994
24	of title 28, United States Code, establish or revise guide-
25	lines and policy statements, as warranted, relating to the

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1	sentencing of minors under this Act or the amendments
2	made by this Act.
3	TITLE IV—RESOURCES TO
4	STRENGTHEN EMPLOYMENT
5	AND EDUCATION OPPORTUNI-
6	TIES FOR FORMER OFFEND-
7	ERS
8	SEC. 401. GRANTS TO ASSIST JUVENILE OFFENDER RE-
9	INTEGRATION PROJECTS.
10	(a) Authority To Make Grants for Juvenile
11	OFFENDER REINTEGRATION PROJECTS.—From amounts
12	made available to carry out this section, the Secretary of
13	Labor, in consultation with the Attorney General, shall
14	make grants to carry out juvenile offender reintegration
15	projects that are designed to provide services to eligible
16	juvenile offenders that will reduce recidivism, increase
17	educational attainment, and enhance long-term employ-
18	ability of such offenders. Such grants may be awarded to
19	nonprofit organizations, workforce investment boards es-
20	tablished under title I of the Workforce Investment Act
21	of 1998, States, and units of local government.
22	(b) Definitions.—For the purposes of this section:

(1) ELIGIBLE JUVENILE OFFENDERS.—The

term "eligible juvenile offenders" means individuals

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1	(A) are 14 to 21 years of age; and
2	(B) have been involved in the criminal jus-
3	tice system for a gang-related offense during
4	the one-year period immediately preceding the
5	date on which a determination of eligibility is
6	made.
7	(2) Involved in the criminal justice sys-
8	TEM.—The term "involved in the criminal justice
9	system" means, with respect to an individual, that
10	the individual is being held in a juvenile or adult
11	correctional facility or detention center, has been re-
12	leased from a juvenile or adult correctional facility
13	or detention center, has been sentenced in court to
14	probation or an alternative sentence, or has been re-
15	ferred by court personnel to an alternative program
16	(c) USE OF FUNDS.—
17	(1) In general.—Funds for juvenile offender
18	reintegration projects under this section may be ex-
19	pended for—
20	(A) providing tutoring, dropout prevention
21	activities, academic credit retrieval activities
22	basic skills instruction and remedial education
23	and language instruction for individuals with
24	limited English proficiency, in order to assist el-

igible juvenile offenders in obtaining a high

1 school diploma or GED or to participate in 2 postsecondary education; (B) providing career exploration and edu-3 4 cation activities, pre-apprenticeship activities, activities relating to the attainment of industry-6 recognized credentials, and activities to increase 7 placement in registered apprenticeship pro-8 grams for eligible juvenile offenders; 9 (C) mentoring eligible juvenile offenders, 10 including the provision of support, guidance, 11 and assistance to address the challenges faced 12 by such juvenile offenders in reintegrating into 13 the community; 14 (D) providing job training and job place-15 ment services to eligible juvenile offenders, in-16 cluding work readiness activities, job referrals, 17 educational services, occupational skills train-18 ing, on-the-job training, and paid and unpaid 19 work experience (including internships and job 20 shadowing activities); 21 (E) providing outreach, orientation, intake, 22 assessments, counseling, case management, per-

sonal development activities, and other transi-

tional services to eligible juvenile offenders; and

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- 1 (F) providing follow-up services to eligible 2 juvenile offenders that will assist in advance-3 ment in education and employment. 4 (2) Limitation on use of funds.—Not more 5 than 15 percent of the funds awarded to a grantee 6 under this section may be used for administrative 7 costs necessary to carry out a project under this sec-8 tion. (d) APPLICATION.—To be considered to receive a 9 10 grant under this section to carry out a juvenile offender reintegration project, a nonprofit organization, workforce investment board established under title I of the Work-12 force Investment Act of 1998, State, or unit of local government, or a combination thereof, shall submit an appli-14 15 cation to the Secretary of Labor at such time, in such manner and accompanied by such information as the Sec-16 retary of Labor may require. Such application shall in-17 clude— 18
 - (1) a plan describing the design of the project to assist eligible juvenile offenders, including services to be provided to such offenders;
 - (2) a description of any partnerships between the applicant and Federal, State, or local criminal justice agencies, workforce investment boards, schools and institutions of higher education, busi-

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1	nesses, and service providers in the community, in-
2	cluding those experienced in—
3	(A) reaching youth and adults who have
4	been involved in violence and violent gangs or
5	groups;
6	(B) providing gang-involved or seriously
7	at-risk youth with positive alternatives to gange
8	and other violent groups; and
9	(C) addressing the needs of individuals
10	who leave gangs and other violent groups, and
11	individuals reentering society from prison; and
12	(3) an assurance that the applicant will provide
13	not less than 25 percent of the cost of the project
14	to assist eligible juvenile offenders from non-Federal
15	sources.
16	(e) Performance Outcomes.—
17	(1) Core indicators.—Each grantee receiving
18	funds to carry out a project under this section shall
19	report to the Secretary of Labor on the results ob-
20	tained by the eligible juvenile offenders served by the
21	activities under the grant with respect to the fol-
22	lowing indicators of performance:
23	(A) Rates of recidivism.

- 1 (B) Placement in employment or postsec-2 ondary education for eligible juvenile offenders 3 age 18 or older.
 - (C) Attainment of a degree or certificate (including a high school diploma, the recognized equivalent of such a diploma, or a certificate of graduation from trade school).
 - (D) Literacy and numeracy gains.
- 9 (2) ADDITIONAL INDICATORS.—In addition to 10 the indicators described in paragraph (1), the Sec-11 retary may require grantees carrying out projects 12 under this section to report on additional indicators 13 of performance.
- 14 (f) Reports.—Each grantee receiving funds to carry
 15 out a project under this section shall maintain such
 16 records and submit such reports, in such form and con17 taining such information, as the Secretary of Labor may
 18 require regarding the activities carried out and the per19 formance of such projects.
- 20 (g) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary may 21 reserve not more than 4 percent of the funds appropriated 22 under this section to provide technical assistance and for 23 management information systems to assist grantees under 24 this section.

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- 71 1 (h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of 3 Labor to carry out this section \$20,000,000 for each of 4 the fiscal years 2010 through 2014. SEC. 402. EMPLOYMENT AND EDUCATION GRANTS TO AS-6 SIST IN REDUCING RECIDIVISM. 7 (a) Grants for Employment Services 8 Young Adult Gang Members.—From the amounts made available to carry out this subsection, the Secretary 10 of Labor, in consultation with the Attorney General, shall make grants to nonprofit organizations to carry out employment programs for young adult gang members that 12 13 are designed to reduce recidivism and enhance long-term 14 employability.
- (b) Use of Funds.—
- 16 (1) Apprenticeship and pre-apprentice-17 SHIP PROGRAMS.—Funds awarded under this sub-18 section shall be used to provide education and train-19 ing services to young adult gang members as part 20 of, or to supplement, registered apprenticeship pro-21 grams in the construction or other industries or pre-22 apprenticeship programs that are certified by a reg-23 istered apprenticeship program in the construction or other industries. 24

1	(2) Other activities.—In addition to the ac-
2	tivities described in paragraph (1), funds awarded
3	under this subsection may be used to provide out-
4	reach, orientation, intake, assessments, counseling,
5	case management, personal business development
6	and entrepreneurial activities, supportive services,
7	and follow-up services to young adult gang members.
8	(c) Application.—To be considered to receive a
9	grant under subsection (a), a nonprofit organization shall
10	submit an application to the Secretary of Labor at such
11	time, in such manner and accompanied by such informa-
12	tion as the Secretary of Labor may require. At a min-
13	imum, the application shall include—
14	(1) a description of the need for projects relat-
15	ing to gang members in the geographic area to be
16	served by the grant;
17	(2) a plan describing the design of the project,
18	including services to be provided; and
19	(3) a description of partnerships that will sup-
20	port the project.
21	(d) Performance Outcomes.—
22	(1) Core indicators.—
23	(A) Young adult gang members.—
24	Each grantee receiving funds to carry out a
25	project under subsection (a) shall report to the

- 1 Secretary of Labor on the results obtained by 2 young adult gang members served under the 3 grant with respect to the following indicators of 4 performance: (i) Rates of recidivism. 6 (ii) Placement in employment. 7 (iii) Retention in employment. 8 (iv) Earnings. 9 (2) Additional indicators.—In addition to
- 9 (2) Additional indicators.—In addition to
 10 the indicators described in paragraph (1), the Sec11 retary of Labor may require grantees carrying out
 12 projects under subsection (a) to report on additional
 13 indicators of performance.
- (e) Reports.—Each grantee receiving funds to carry out a project under subsection (a) shall maintain such records and submit such reports, in such form and containing such information, as the Secretary of Labor may require regarding the activities carried out and the performance of such projects.
- 20 (f) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary of 21 Labor may reserve not more than 2 percent of the funds 22 appropriated under this section to provide technical assist-23 ance.

- (g) Definition.—For purposes of this subsection, 1 the term "young adult gang member" means an individual 3 who-4 (1) is not younger than age 17 or older than age 24; and 5 (2) has been arrested or adjudicated in the ju-6 7 venile justice system or the adult criminal justice system for a gang-related offense. 8 9 (h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 10 are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of 11 Labor to carry out this section \$20,000,000 for each of 12 the fiscal years 2010 through 2014.

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